

What is important is the real world, that is physics, but it can be explained only in mathematical terms.

Dennis Serre<sup>1</sup>

[...] mathematics as a precise language for expressing relationships among quantities in the real world [...].

Carver Mead<sup>2</sup>

real world entity language communicate information investigate relationship plan act

## Chapter 1

## Symbolic Systems

What Languages Are Made Of, 1 – Learning Languages, 3 – In This Book, 4 – Natural Languages, 5 – Specialized Languages, 5 – Symbolic Systems, 6 – Quantities, 7.

Contrary to what most people think, Mathematics originates in, and deals with, the real world. However, dealing with real-world entities requires a language in order to:

- Communicate about the real-world, that is share information about real-world entities,
- Investigate relationships among real-world entities so as to understand the way the real world works,
- Plan how ro act on the real world because acting on the real world without thinking ahead usually has very unfortunate consequences.

There are all sorts of languages: anywhere between 3000 and 8000 spoken languages, hundreds of sign-languages, etc. There are written languages, pictorial languages, secret and non-secret codes, bar codes, computer languages, etc. And, as we will see, in order to do Mathematics, we will need a special kind of written languages so as to know exactly what we are doing and so as to check matters with others.

## 1.1 What Languages Are Made Of

Very, very roughly, languages are constructed as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Bulletin of the AMS, Vol 47 Number 1 Pages 139-144

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Foreword to Street-Fighting Mathematics by Sanjoy Mahajan, The MIT Press.